# 2021 CERTIFICATION DH-WATER Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) PRINT Public Water System Name List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR CCR DISTRIBUTION (Check all boxes that apply) INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other) **DATE ISSUED** □ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement) On water bill (Attach copy of bill) □ Email message (Email the message to the address below) □ Other (Describe: DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other) DATE ISSUED □ Distributed via U.S. Postal Service □ Distributed via E-mail as a URL (Provide direct URL): ☐ Distributed via Email as an attachment Distributed via Email as text within the body of email message □ Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication) □ Posted in public places (attach list of locations, or list here) ∕ Posted online at the following address (Provide direct URL): Caneh make ut

### CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been prepared and distributed to its customers in accordance with the appropriate distribution method(s) based on population served. Furthermore, I certify that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the water quality monitoring data for sampling performed and fulfills all CCR requirements of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 40, Part 141.151 – 155.

Barbara Wilson

Manager Title 5-24-22

## SUBMISSION OPTIONS (Select one method ONLY)

You must email or mail a copy of the CCR, Certification, and associated proof of delivery method(s) to the MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

### 2021 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report RECEIVED MSDH-WATER SUPPLY Canebrake Utilities Association, Inc. PWS#:0370016

April 2022

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Lower Catahoula Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Canebrake Utilities Association, Inc. have received lower rankings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Barbara Wilson at 601.297.6940. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meeting that will be held on May 2, 2022 at 11:30 AM at 112 Sheffield Loop.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2021. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2021, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in

				TEST RESU	<b>JLTS</b>			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
	Conton	inants						×
Inorganic	Contain	illality						

13. Chromium	N	2019*	.6	No Range	ppb		100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2018/20*	s1	0	ppm		1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2019*	.266	.256266	ppm		4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2018/20*	5	0	ppb		0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019*	68000	65000 - 68000	ppb		0	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection	<b>n By-</b>		5.04	No Range	ppb	0			By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2020*	15.2	No Range	ppb	0	-	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2021	1	.59 – 1.74	ppm	0	MRI	DL = 4	Water additive used to control

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2021.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

microbes

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Canebrake Utilities Association, Inc. works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

5/2/2022 65 CANEBRAKE Canebrake Utilities Assn., Inc. Hattiesburg, MS 39402 (601) 264-0403

CHARGES 35.00 (\$209.43) (\$164.43)10.00 Usage 0 Mcter Readings Previous 1256280 Current 1256280 SERVICES Total Due Credit Sewer Water

# FREST-SCASS MAIL US POSTAGE PAID Hattiesburg, MS PERMIT NO 125

Canebrake Utilities Assn., Inc.

	TAL DUE UPON RECEIPT
	TAL DUE UPON SECRIPT
	TAL DUE UPON RECEIPT

MAIL THIS STUB WITH YOUR PAYMENT

(164.430CR)

Canebrake Utilities Assn., Inc. 112 Sheffield Loop Hattiesburg, MS 39402 (601) 264-0403

5/2/2022 78 MARAIS RIDGE 8112

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CHARGES	10.00	\$45.00
Usage	1900	\$ 75.00
Meter Readings Previous	2895370	Total Due ***After Due Date Penalty 30.00
Current	2897270	ie Date Pe
SERVICES	Water 2	Total Due ***After Du

PREPORTED MAIL US POSTAGE PAID Hattiesburg, MS PERMIT NO.125 anebrake Utilities Assn., Inc.

PAST DUE DATE	5/20/2022	IPT ATER DUE DATE PAY	75.00	
ACCOUNT ACCOUNT	8112	TOTAL DUE UPON RECE	45.00	

MAIL THIS STUB WITH YOUR PAYMENT

FULTON MD 20759-2653 11526 IAGER BLVD **BASHIR SHAMS** 

# BY BANK DRAFT DO NOT PAY! BILL IS PAID

CHARLOTTE NC 28205

1161 CHARLES AVE.

ALISTER WATT

available in the 2020 Cunsumer Cofidence report (a https://msrwa.org/2021ccr/Canebrake.pdf You may also request one by calling 601-264-0403 Important information about your drinking water is Last payment received 4/19/22 for \$45.00

available in the 2020 Cunsumer Cofidence report @ https://msrwa.org/2021ccr/Canebrake.pdf
You may also request one by calling 601-264-0403

mportant information about your drinking water is

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Canebrake Utilities Assn., Inc. Hattiesburg, MS 39402 (601) 264-0403

US POSTAGE PAID PRESORITED FIRST-CLASS MAIL

Hattiesburg, MS PERMIT NO:125

5/2/2022 SPK 13 MOSS POINT 0614S

SERVICES	Current	Meter Readings Previous	Usage	CHARGES
Water	55680	55420	260	10.00
Total Duc ***After Due Date Penalty 10.00	e Date Per	nalty 10.00	\$ 20.00	\$10.00

JS POSTAGE PAID PRESORTED FIRST-CLASS MAIL Hattiesburg, MS PERMIT NO:125 Canebrake Utilities Assn., Inc.

06145	5/20/2022
TOTAL BUE UPON RECEIPT.	AFTER DUE DATE PAY
10.00	20.00

MAIL THIS STUB WITH YOUR PAYMENT

MARY ANN COCKERHAM

109 Saint Andrews Rd. OXFORD MS 38655

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Important information about your drinking water is

Last payment received 4/19/22 for \$45 00

MAIL THIS STUB WITH YOUR PAYMENT

AFTER DUE DATE PA

OTAL DUE UPON RECEIPT 45.00

75.00

DUE DATE

Canebrake Utilities Assn., Inc.

CHARGES

Meter Readings Previous

Current 09608

SERVICES

5/2/2022 13 MOSS POINT

Canebrake Utilities Assn., Inc.

12-01-80

Hattiesburg, MS 39402 (601) 264-0403

35.00 \*\*\*

10.00

0

80960

Water Sewer \$45.00

\$ 75.00

30.00

\*\*\*After Due Date Penalty

otal Due

DO NOT PAY! BILL IS PAID BY BANK DRAFT Last payment received 4/19/22 for \$10.00. Important information about your drinking water is

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You may also request one by calling 601-264-0403